

1. Lineární rovnice

a) $4x - 2 = 3x + 10$

b) $13 - 3a = 8a + 2$

c) $2y + 8 + y - 2 = 2y - 3$

d) $15y + 12 = 6y - 15$

e) $5y + 2 = 3y - 16$

f) $4x + 7 - 11x = 4$

g) $x - 7 + 8x = 8x - 3 - 4x$

h) $8t - 24 + 11t - 6 = 32t - 16 - 12t - 14$

i) $3a - 20 + 6a - 2 = 8a - 10 + 2a$

j) $7m + 35 + 12m - 21 = 18 + 43m - 2$

k) $15(y + 2) = 6(2y + 7)$

l) $8(9 + 2p) = 5(2 - 3p)$

m) $50(u + 8) = 25(20 - 2u)$

n) $2(r - 1) + 4(r - 3) = 2(r + 5) + 3(r - 2)$

o) $2(a - 1) - 5 = 3(3 + a) + a$

p) $4(3n + 2) = 5(2n - 7) + n$

q) $4(x - 1) - x = 3(1 + x)$

r) $3(10y - 1) = 6(20y + 1)$

s) $8(m - 3) + 6(2m - 1) = 8(4m - 2) - 2(6m + 7)$

t) $5(a - 3) - 3(a - 2) = 2(a - 12) - 1$

u) $6x - 5(2x - 7) - 4(7x + 4) = 23(2 - x)$

v) $4y - 3(20 - y) = 6y - 7(11 - y) - 1$

w) $9(x - 4) - 5x = x - 12$

x) $7(x - 5) - 3x = 2x - 13$

y) $6x - 9(x - 4) = x - 12$

z) $3x - 7(x - 5) = 2x - 13$

2. Lineární rovnice

a) $6x - 3(5x - 8) - 5 = 9 + x$

b) $6x - 5(4x - 2) = 14 - 6x$

c) $7x - 2(4x - 3) = 6 - x$

d) $8x - 4(3x - 4) = 15 - 4x$

e) $5(x - 2) + 3 = 4(x + 6) - 25$

f) $2(x + 3) - 4 = 3(x - 1) + 2$

g) $6(5 - 3x) - (12x + 15) = 0$

h) $4(7 - 2x) - (13 - 6x) = 0$

i) $2(5x - 3) - 8(2 + 3x) = 6$

j) $3(2x + 1) - 4(3x - 5) = 25$

k) $7(x - 1) + 5(3 - x) = 4$

l) $2(8 - x) + 5(x - 2) + 12 = 0$

m) $3(x - 4) - 6(2x - 3) = 12 - 7x$

n) $-8(5 - x) - 7(3x - 2) = 1 - 10x$

o) $4(2x - 1) - 18(7 - 2x) = 6(5x + 1) - 24$

p) $5(2x - 9) - 4 + 24x = 4(7x - 1) - 3$

q) $25 - 3(10 - 3x) = 2(3x - 10)$

r) $4(x - 3) - 3(x - 1) = 0$

s) $2(5v - 3) = 7(v + 2) - 5$

t) $5v - 3(5v - 3) = 3v - 5(3v - 5)$

u) $\frac{5x}{4} - \frac{x}{3} - 3 = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$

v) $\frac{3t}{8} + 2 = \frac{5t}{8} - \frac{t}{2}$

w) $\frac{3a}{6} - \frac{a}{3} = \frac{5 - a}{9}$

x) $\frac{6x + 1}{8} = 0$

y) $\frac{c - 2}{3} = \frac{c + 4}{5}$

z) $\frac{a - 2}{2} + 1 = a + 1$

3. Lineární rovnice

a) $\frac{s + 3}{4} = 2 + \frac{s - 4}{5}$

b) $\frac{a - 3}{5} - \frac{a - 5}{3} = 0$

c) $\frac{2a + 2}{8} = \frac{a - 7}{4} - a$

d) $\frac{c - 1}{3} + \frac{c + 2}{2} = 9$

e) $\frac{5d - 2}{6} - \frac{d}{2} = \frac{d - 4}{3}$

$$f) \frac{a+2}{5} + \frac{a-2}{4} = \frac{9a}{20} - \frac{1}{10}$$

$$g) \frac{x-3}{2} - \frac{2x+1}{3} = x-2$$

$$h) x - \frac{x+2}{4} = 6 + \frac{x-5}{5}$$

$$i) x - \frac{x-2}{3} - \frac{x}{4} + \frac{x-3}{5} = 5$$

$$j) \frac{3x-5}{11} + \frac{23-x}{7} = 4$$

$$k) \frac{2x+9}{3} = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$$

$$l) 1 - \frac{x-1}{6} = x$$

$$m) 1 + \frac{6x-3}{2} = x$$

$$n) \frac{3}{4}(u-3) = \frac{1}{3}(2u-5)$$

$$o) \frac{6x-1}{5} - \frac{3-6x}{2} = \frac{3}{10}(14x-9)$$

$$p) \frac{5a-1}{6} - \frac{3a-1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}(a+1)$$

$$q) \frac{5x-8}{7} + \frac{14x-3}{35} = \frac{x+3}{5}$$

$$r) \frac{(2y-3)}{3} - \frac{(4-3y)}{7} = \frac{4y+1}{5}$$

$$s) \frac{(4x-1)}{3} - 7 - \frac{(x-4)}{5} = \frac{(3x-2)}{5} - 4$$

$$t) \frac{(3a+1)}{4} - \frac{(2-a)}{3} + 3 = \frac{(3a-1)}{2} + 1$$

$$u) \frac{(3b+1)}{4} - \frac{(4b-2)}{5} = 8+b$$

$$v) 4 - \frac{7-6u}{5} = 3 + \frac{7u-3}{10} + \frac{u+1}{2}$$

$$w) \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{8}x + \frac{1}{6}x = \frac{3}{4}x - 13$$

$$x) \frac{x}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x+2)$$

$$y) \frac{3x-3}{6} - 2 = \frac{x+2}{4} - 1$$

$$z) \frac{2a-3}{3} + \frac{a-1}{4} - 1 = \frac{4-a}{2}$$

4. Lineární rovnice

$$a) \frac{7y-1}{3} + \frac{5+3y}{2} = 5y-6$$

$$b) 2a - \frac{5a-3}{4} = \frac{3a-5}{4}$$

$$c) \frac{1}{3}(2x-1) + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3x-1}{3}$$

$$d) \frac{t+5}{3} - \frac{t}{2} = \frac{t-2}{3} - \frac{t-3}{2}$$

$$e) \frac{a-1}{3} = \frac{5a-1}{16}$$

$$f) v + \frac{3-7v}{5} = \frac{v+3}{5} - \frac{2v-1}{3}$$

$$g) \frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{4} = 4 + \frac{x}{6}$$

$$h) \frac{6+25x}{15} - (x-1) = \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{7}{5}$$

$$i) \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$j) \frac{3+2y}{2} - \frac{7}{6} = 5y - \frac{12y-1}{3}$$

$$k) \frac{5x+1}{6} - \frac{7x-3}{8} = 1 - \frac{3x-1}{4}$$

$$l) \frac{9}{13}(2x-9) + \frac{x-4}{5} = \frac{7}{5}(3x-2) - (3x-5)$$

$$m) \frac{3}{2}(a+1) - \frac{a+1}{4} + 1 = \frac{5a+2}{7} - \frac{2a-1}{2} + 3$$

$$n) \frac{5u+1}{4} + \frac{u-1}{6} + \frac{5u-11}{8} + \frac{4u-1}{9} = 2(u+1)$$

$$o) 2y - \frac{2y-3}{2} = 1-y$$

$$p) 2x - \frac{x+1}{3} = x - \frac{1+x}{2}$$

$$q) \frac{x}{3} - \frac{x-4}{5} = 2(x-4) - \frac{3x+5}{4}$$

$$r) \frac{4x-3}{2} + \frac{x+4}{3} = \frac{6x+4}{3} - \frac{5-2x}{4} - \frac{3-x}{12}$$

$$s) \frac{5x-3}{8} - \frac{2x+4}{6} - \frac{x-2}{5} = 0$$

$$t) \frac{4x}{3} - \frac{2-x}{2} - \frac{3x-2}{4} = 6$$

$$u) \frac{5x+4}{7} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{7-3x}{2} = \frac{5-x}{4} + x$$

$$v) \frac{6x-4}{3} - \frac{x-1}{5} + \frac{x}{2} = \frac{7x-5}{3} + \frac{2x-1}{2}$$

$$w) \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{4} = \frac{x}{6} + \frac{x}{8} + \frac{x}{12} + 2$$

$$x) \frac{3(a+1)}{2} - \frac{a+1}{4} - 1 = \frac{1-3a}{4} - \frac{3a-1}{2} + 3$$

$$y) y + \frac{y+3}{4} = 1 + \frac{y}{2}$$

$$z) 1 - \frac{a-1}{3} = a - \frac{1}{2}$$

5. Lineární rovnice

$$a) a - \frac{a}{4} - 1 = 1 + a$$

$$b) \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{8}x + \frac{1}{6}x = \frac{3}{4}x - 13$$

$$c) 2x - \frac{7x+3}{9} = 7$$

$$d) \frac{1}{3}(x-4) - x = \frac{1}{2}(3-4x) - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$e) \frac{3x+6}{5} - x = 9 - \frac{1-2x}{3}$$

$$f) \frac{3x-8}{4} + \frac{5x+1}{7} = \frac{9-x}{2} + \frac{x-1}{2}$$

$$g) \frac{4x-2}{3} + 3 - \frac{x+3}{4} = x + \frac{9-x}{5}$$

$$h) \frac{5x+1}{7} + 1 - \frac{9-x}{2} = \frac{x+1}{2} - \frac{3x-8}{4}$$

$$i) \frac{3-2x}{3} + \frac{3x+8}{5} = x - 7$$

$$j) 3 + \frac{x+3}{4} = \frac{2x-7}{3} - \frac{x+1}{3} + \frac{4x-2}{3}$$

$$k) \frac{2x+4}{5} - \frac{3x-5}{2} = x - \frac{x+6}{3}$$

$$l) \frac{x-5}{2} + \frac{x+4}{4} = \frac{x+8}{2} - 2 - \frac{2+x}{4}$$

$$m) \frac{x-1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7+3x}{2} - \frac{2x+9}{5}$$

$$n) \frac{4x-2}{3} + 3 - \frac{x+3}{4} = x + \frac{9-x}{2}$$

$$o) \frac{1-2x}{3} + \frac{3x+6}{5} = x + 9$$

$$p) \frac{3x+2}{5} + \frac{x+3}{2} + x + 17 = 0$$

$$q) \frac{x+4}{3} - \frac{8-2x}{2} - \frac{3x}{5} = 1$$

$$r) \frac{3x-5}{7} - \frac{15-x}{4} = \frac{x+5}{4} - \frac{x-4}{7}$$

$$s) \frac{x+8}{3} + x + \frac{2x+6}{4} - 17 = 0$$

$$t) \frac{3x}{2} - \frac{7-x}{3} = \frac{x+2}{3} + 2x$$

$$u) \frac{4x}{8} - \frac{2x-8}{2} + \frac{3x-2}{4} = 5$$

$$v) \frac{x+5}{2} + \frac{x}{4} = x + \frac{2x+1}{4}$$

$$w) \frac{5x+4}{7} - \frac{3x-1}{4} = 1$$

$$x) \frac{a+2}{5} - \frac{7-2a}{3} = a - 1$$

$$y) \frac{3x-2}{5} - \frac{1-x}{3} + x = 2 + \frac{7x+2}{6}$$

$$z) \frac{1-x}{5} - \frac{x+1}{2} - \frac{x-3}{4} + x = 0$$